

SO-CFP-LR4

CFP, 103/112 Gbps, 1310nm, SM, DDM, 6.3dB, 10km

OVERVIEW

The SO-CFP-LR4 is a CFP (C Form-factor Pluggable) transceiver for 100Gbps Ethernet (100GBASE-LR4) and OTN (OTU4) applications. It is intended for use in inter- and intra-connect applications within and between data centers between switches, routers, storage equipment etc. The optical performance is in accordance with the 100GBASE-LR standard, i.e. for optical distances up to 10km over a SingleMode (SM) fiber.

SO-CFP-LR4 uses four channels/lanes @ 25.78Gbps and 27.95Gbps to transport an Ethernet and OTN signal, respectively.

TECHNICAL DATA

Parameter	Value
Technology	Grey CFP
Transmission media	SM (2x LC)
Typical reach	10km
Nominal wavelength	Lane 1: 1295.56nm Lane 2: 1300.05nm Lane 3: 1304.58nm Lane 4: 1309.14nm
Interface standards	100GBASE-LR4 OTU4 411-9D1F
Bit rate support	103.12 / 111.81 Gbps ¹⁾ 25.78 / 27.95 Gbps ²⁾
Protocol support	100GbE OTU4
Power budget	0 – 6.3dB (100GbE) 0 – 7.8dB (OTU4)
Power consumption	< 16W
Operating temperature	-10°C to +75°C
Storage temperature	-40°C to +85°C

¹⁾ Aggregated line rate 100GbE / OTU4

²⁾ Per lane

³⁾ Average power

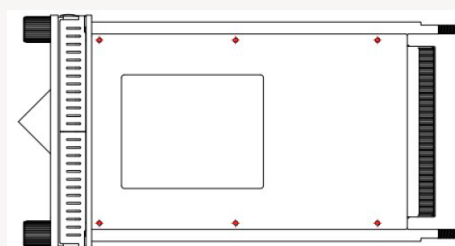
⁴⁾ Specified at BER 1x10⁻¹²

Safety/regulatory compliance:

TUV/UL/FDA (contact Smartoptics for latest certification information)

RoHS compliance

Parameter	Value
Transmitter data:	
Output power, total 100GbE	Max +10.5dBm ³⁾
total OTU4	Max +8.9dBm ³⁾
Output power, per lane 100GbE	Min: -4.3dBm ^{3) 4)} Max: +4.5dBm ^{3) 4)}
Output power, per lane OTU4	Min: -2.5dBm ³⁾ Max: +2.9dBm ³⁾
Transmit wavelength	1294.53 – 1296.59nm 1299.02 – 1301.09nm 1303.54 – 1305.63nm 1308.09 – 1310.19nm
Receiver data:	
Minimum input power, per lane 100GbE	-10.6dBm ³⁾
per lane OTU4	-10.3dBm ³⁾
Overload (max power)	+4.5dBm ³⁾
Wavelength range	1294.53 – 1296.59nm 1299.02 – 1301.09nm 1303.54 – 1305.63nm 1308.09 – 1310.19nm
DDM	Yes
MSA compliance	CFP MSA's



ORDERING INFORMATION

Ordering number	Description
SO-CFP-LR4	CFP, 100G Ethernet LR4, OTU4, SM 1296/1300/1305/1309nm, 10km, 6.3dB, LC

GENERAL DEFINITIONS

Parameter	Description
Technology	Grey; Transceiver type for non-WDM applications. Electrical or optical. CWDM; Transceiver type for CWDM applications using G.694.2 channel grid. DWDM; Transceiver type for DWDM applications using G.694.1 channel grid. BiDi; Transceiver pair using two different wavelength channels operating on a single-fiber. DAC: Direct Attach Cable. Electrical cable with attached connectors. AOC: Active Optical Cable. Optical cable with attached connectors.
Transmission Media	Type of fiber, e.g. Multimode (MM) or Singlemode (SM). Number of and connector type within brackets (e.g. 2x LC, 1x MPO).
Typical reach	Nominal distance performance based on typical fiber dispersion, fiber loss and power budget properties, i.e. w/o dispersion compensation and optical amplification. Actual distance is dependent on actual optical path loss and dispersion properties.
Bit rate range	Supported bit rate range in Gigabit or Megabit per second (Gbps or Mbps).
Protocols	Protocols within supported bit rate range.
Nominal wavelength	Typical wavelength(s) from transmitter.
Interface standards	Referenced interface standards or MSA's, e.g. IEEE 802.3 standard for 10GbE services or 100G 4WDM-10 etc.
Power budget	Min and max power budget between Transmitter and Receiver w/o optical path penalties.
Dispersion tolerance/penalty	Maximum amount of tolerated dispersion and required reduction of power budget to maintain stipulated Bit Error Rate (BER) and at a given bit rate.
Temperature range	Max operating case temperature range. Standard temperature range (C-temp): 0°C to +70°C (32°F to +158°F) Extended temperature range (E-temp): typically -20°C to +75°C (-4°F to +167°F) Industrial temperature range (I-temp): -40°C to +85°C (-40°F to +185°F)
Power consumption	Worst case power consumption. Will vary over temperature.
Transmitter Output power	Average output power. Provided in min and max values.
Receiver minimum input power	Minimum average input power at specified BER, normally $1E^{-12}$. Note that some protocols require FEC to achieve sufficient BER.
Receiver max input power	Maximum average input power giving a BER, normally $1E^{-12}$.
DDM	Digital Diagnostic Monitoring functionality as defined in e.g. SFF-8472 MSA.

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