



**RoHS Compliant**  
**CWDM Single-mode Transceiver (31dB margin)**  
**2×5, LC Duplex Connector, 3.3 V**  
**155 Mbps ATM/SONET OC-3/SDH STM-1/Fast Ethernet**



### Features

- Compliant with 155 Mbps ATM and SONET OC-3 SDH STM-1
- Industry standard 2×5 footprint
- LC duplex connector
- Single power supply 3.3 V
- Differential LVPECL inputs and outputs
- Compatible with solder and aqueous wash processes
- Class 1 laser product complies with EN 60825-1

### Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	WAVELENGTH	INPUT/OUTPUT	SIGNAL DETECT	VOLTAGE	TEMPERATURE
LS34-A3L-PC-N27	1270 nm	DC/DC	LPECL	3.3V	0°C to 70°C
LS34-A3L-PC-N29	1290 nm	DC/DC	LPECL	3.3V	0°C to 70°C
LS34-A3L-PC-N31	1310 nm	DC/DC	LPECL	3.3V	0°C to 70°C
LS34-A3L-PC-N33	1330 nm	DC/DC	LPECL	3.3V	0°C to 70°C
LS34-A3L-PC-N35	1350 nm	DC/DC	LPECL	3.3V	0°C to 70°C
LS34-A3L-PC-N37	1370 nm	DC/DC	LPECL	3.3V	0°C to 70°C
LS34-A3L-PC-N39	1390 nm	DC/DC	LPECL	3.3V	0°C to 70°C
LS34-A3L-PC-N41	1410 nm	DC/DC	LPECL	3.3V	0°C to 70°C
LS34-A3L-PC-N43	1430 nm	DC/DC	LPECL	3.3V	0°C to 70°C
LS34-A3L-PC-N45	1450 nm	DC/DC	LPECL	3.3V	0°C to 70°C



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### Absolute Maximum Ratings

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	UNITS	NOTE
Storage Temperature	$T_S$	-40	85	°C	
Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	-0.5	4.0	V	
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$	-0.5	$V_{CC}$	V	
Output Current	$I_o$	---	50	mA	
Soldering Temperature	$T_{SOLD}$	---	260	°C	10 seconds on leads

### Operating Environment

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	UNITS	NOTE
Case Operating Temperature	$T_C$	0	70	°C	
Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	3.1	3.5	V	



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### Transmitter Electro-optical Characteristics

( $V_{CC} = 3.1 \text{ V to } 3.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_C = 0^\circ \text{C to } 70^\circ \text{C}$ )

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNITS	NOTE
Data Rate	$B$	50	155	200	Mb/s	
Output Optical Power 9/125 $\mu\text{m}$ fiber	$P_{out}$	-4	---	+3	dBm	Average
Extinction Ratio	$ER$	10	---	---	dB	
Central Wavelength	$\lambda$	$\lambda-5.5$	$\lambda+1$	$\lambda+7.5$	nm	
Spectral Width (-20dB)	$\Delta\lambda$	---	---	1	nm	
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	$SMSR$	30	---	---	dB	
Rise/Fall Time (10–90%)	$T_{r,f}$	---	1	2	ns	
Output Eye	Compliant with Telcordia GR-253-CORE Issue 3 and ITU-T recommendation G-957					
Power Supply Current	$I_{CC}$	---	---	140	mA	Note 1
Disable input voltage-High	$T_{dis}$	2.0	---	---	V	
Disable input voltage-Low	$T_{dis}$	---	---	0.8	V	
Transmitter Data Input Voltage-High	$V_{IH} - V_{CC}$	-1.1	---	-0.74	V	Note 2
Transmitter Data Input Voltage-Low	$V_{IL} - V_{CC}$	-2.0	---	-1.58	V	Note 2

Note 1: Not including the terminations.

Note 2: These inputs are compatible with 10K, 10KH and 100K ECL and PECL input.



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### Receiver Electro-optical Characteristics

( $V_{CC} = 3.1 \text{ V to } 3.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_C = 0^\circ \text{ C to } 70^\circ \text{ C}$ )

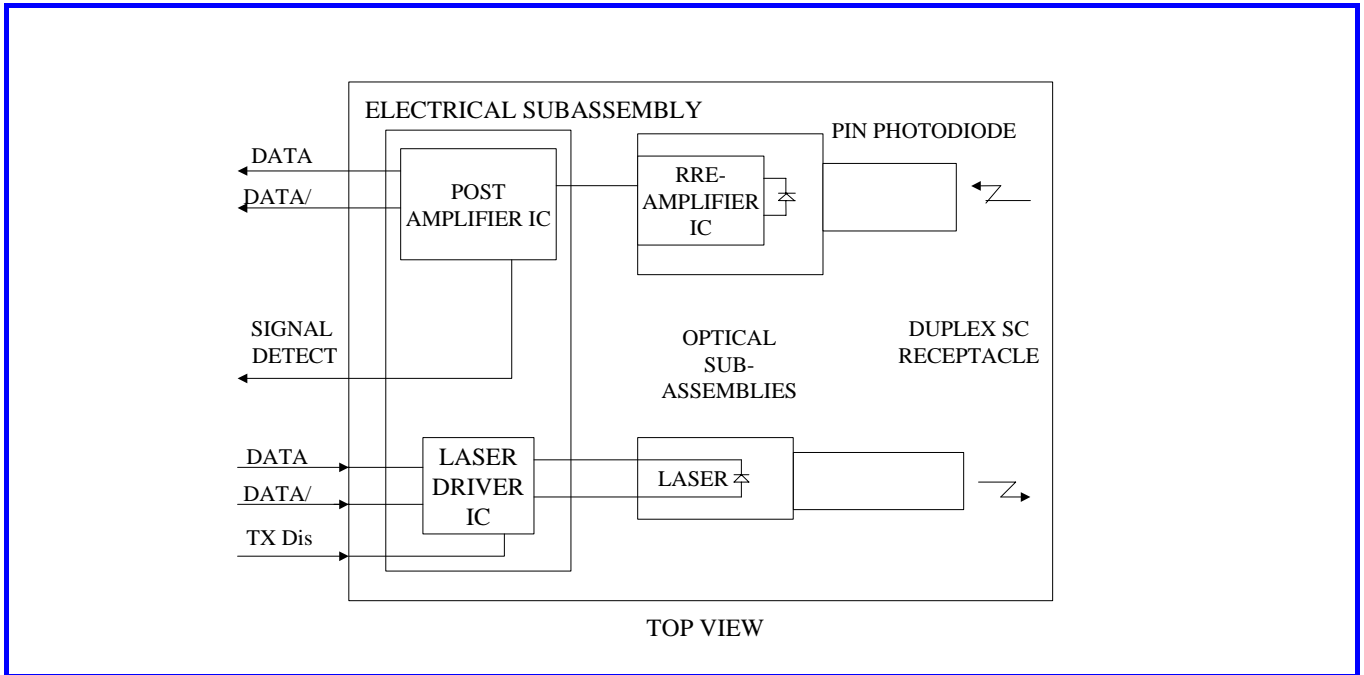
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNITS	NOTE
Data Rate	$B$	50	155	200	Mb/s	
Optical Input Power -maximum	$P_{IN}$	0	---	---	dBm	Note 1
Optical Input Power -minimum (Sensitivity)	$P_{IN}$	---	---	-35	dBm	Note 1
Operating Center Wavelength	$\lambda_C$	1260	---	1610	nm	
Signal Detect-Asserted	$P_A$	---	---	-35	dBm	Average
Signal Detect-Deasserted	$P_D$	-45	---	---	dBm	Average
Signal Detect-Hysteresis	$P_A - P_D$	1.0	---	---	dB	
Signal Detect Output voltage - High	$V_{OH} - V_{CC}$	-1.1	---	-0.74	V	Note 2
Signal Detect Output voltage - Low	$V_{OL} - V_{CC}$	-2.0	---	-1.58	V	Note 2
Power Supply Current	$I_{CC}$	---	---	100	mA	Note 3
Data Output Rise, Fall Time (10%~90%)	$T_{r,f}$	---	1	2	ns	
Data Output Voltage-High	$V_{OH} - V_{CC}$	-1.1	---	-0.74	V	Note 2
Data Output Voltage-Low	$V_{OL} - V_{CC}$	-2.0	---	-1.58	V	Note 2

Note 1: The input data is at 155.52 Mbps,  $2^{23}-1$  PRBS data pattern with 72 "1"s and 72 "0"s inserted per the ITU-T recommendation G.958 Appendix 1. The receiver is guaranteed to provide output data with Bit Error Rate (BER) better than or equal to  $1 \times 10^{-10}$ .

Note 2: These outputs are compatible with 10K, 10KH and 100K ECL and PECL input.

Note 3: The current excludes the output load current.

### Block Diagram of Transceiver



#### Transmitter Section

The transmitter section consists of a 1310 nm InGaAsP laser in an eye safe optical subassembly (OSA) which mates to the fiber cable. The laser OSA is driven by a LD driver IC which converts differential input LVPECL logic signals into an analog laser driving current.

#### Transmitter Disable

Transmitter Disable is a TTL control pin. To disable the module, connect this pin to +3.3 V TTL logic high "1". While, to enable module connect to TTL logic low "0".

#### Receiver Section

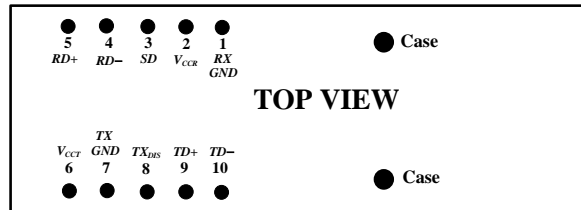
The receiver utilizes an InGaAs PIN photodiode mounted together with a trans-impedance preamplifier IC in an OSA. This OSA is connected to a circuit providing post-amplification quantization, and optical signal detection.

#### Receiver Signal Detect

Signal Detect is a basic fiber failure indicator. This is a single-ended LVPECL output. As the input optical power is decreased, Signal Detect will switch from high to low (deassert point) somewhere between sensitivity and the no light input level. As the input optical power is increased from very low levels, Signal Detect will switch back from low to high (assert point). The assert level will be at least 1.0 dB higher than the deassert level.

### Connection Diagram

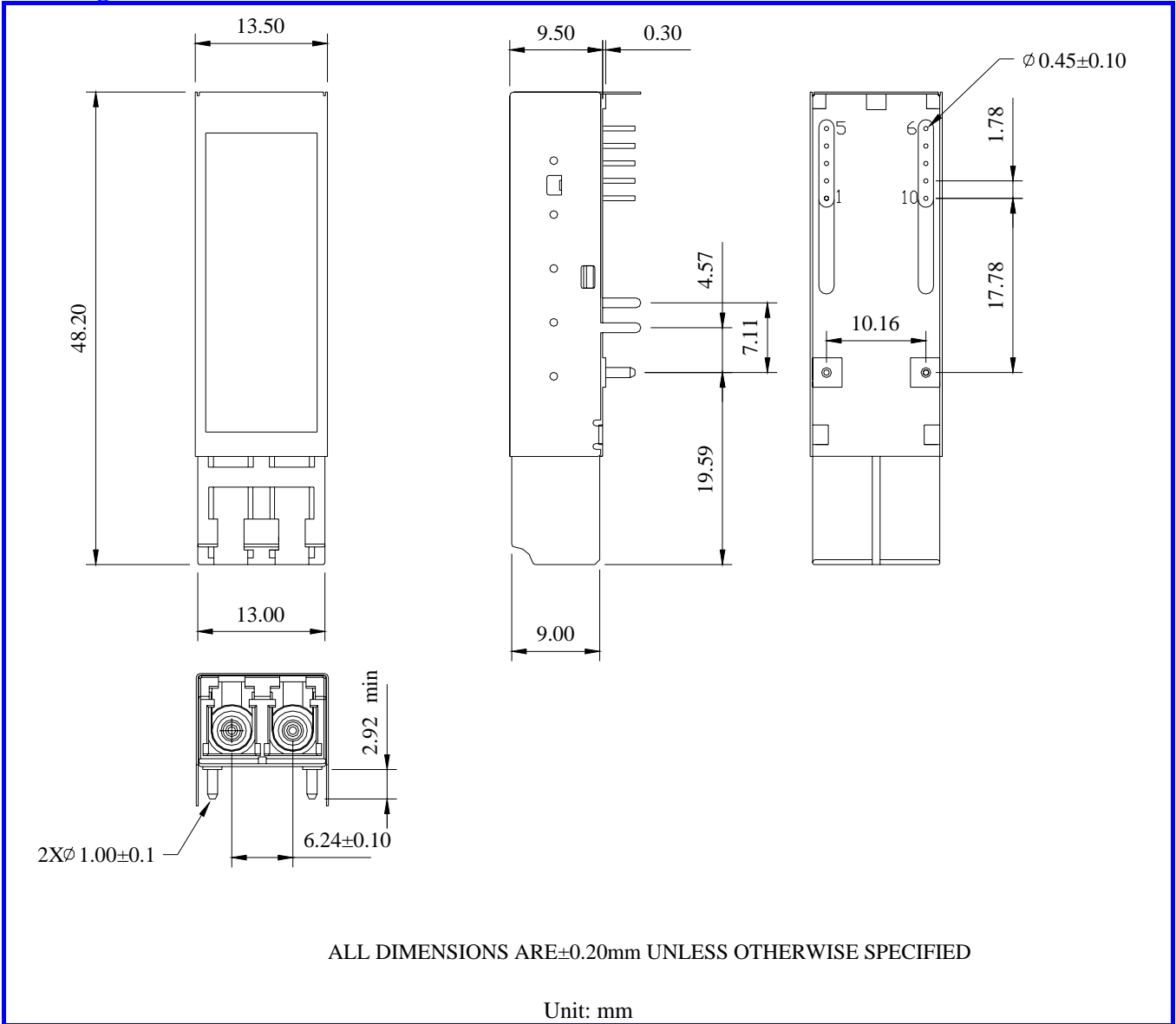
Pin-Out



PIN	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
1	<i>RX GND</i>	Receiver Signal Ground. Directly connect this pin to the receiver ground plane.
2	<i>V<sub>CCR</sub></i>	Receiver Power Supply Provide +3.3 Vdc via the recommended receiver power supply filter circuit. Locate the power supply filter circuit as close as possible to the <i>V<sub>CCR</sub></i> pin.
3	<i>SD</i>	Signal Detect. Normal optical input levels to the receiver result in a logic “1” output, <i>V<sub>OH</sub></i> , asserted. Low input optical levels to the receiver result in a fault condition indicated by a logic “0” output <i>V<sub>OL</sub></i> , deasserted. Signal Detect is a single-ended LVPECL output. <i>SD</i> can be terminated with LVPECL techniques via 50Ω to <i>V<sub>CCR</sub> - 2 V</i> . Alternatively, <i>SD</i> can be loaded with a 180 Ω resistor to <i>RX GND</i> to conserve electrical power with small compromise to signal quality. If Signal Detect output is not used, leave it open-circuited. This Signal Detect output can be used to drive a LVPECL input on an upstream circuit, such as, Signal Detect input or Loss of Signal-bar.
4	<i>RD-</i>	<i>RD-</i> is an open-emitter output circuit. Terminate this high-speed differential LVPECL output with standard LVPECL techniques at the follow-on device input pin. (See recommended circuit schematic)
5	<i>RD+</i>	<i>RD+</i> is an open-emitter output circuit. Terminate this high-speed differential LVPECL output with standard LVPECL techniques at the follow-on device input pin. (See recommended circuit schematic)
6	<i>V<sub>CCT</sub></i>	Transmitter Power Supply. Provide +3.3 Vdc via the recommended transmitter power supply filter circuit. Locate the power supply filter circuit as close as possible to the <i>V<sub>CCT</sub></i> pin.
7	<i>TX GND</i>	Transmitter Signal Ground. Directly connect this pin to the transmitter signal ground plane. Directly connect this pin to the transmitter ground plane.
8	<i>TX<sub>DIS</sub></i>	Transmitter Disable. Connect this pin to +3.3V TTL logic high “1” to disable transmitter. To enable module connect to TTL logic low “0” or open.
9	<i>TD+</i>	Transmitter Data In Terminate this high-speed differential LVPECL input with standard LVPECL techniques at the transmitter input pin. (See recommended circuit schematic)
10	<i>TD-</i>	Transmitter Data In-Bar. Terminate this high-speed differential LVPECL input with standard LVPECL techniques at the transmitter input pin. (See recommended circuit schematic)

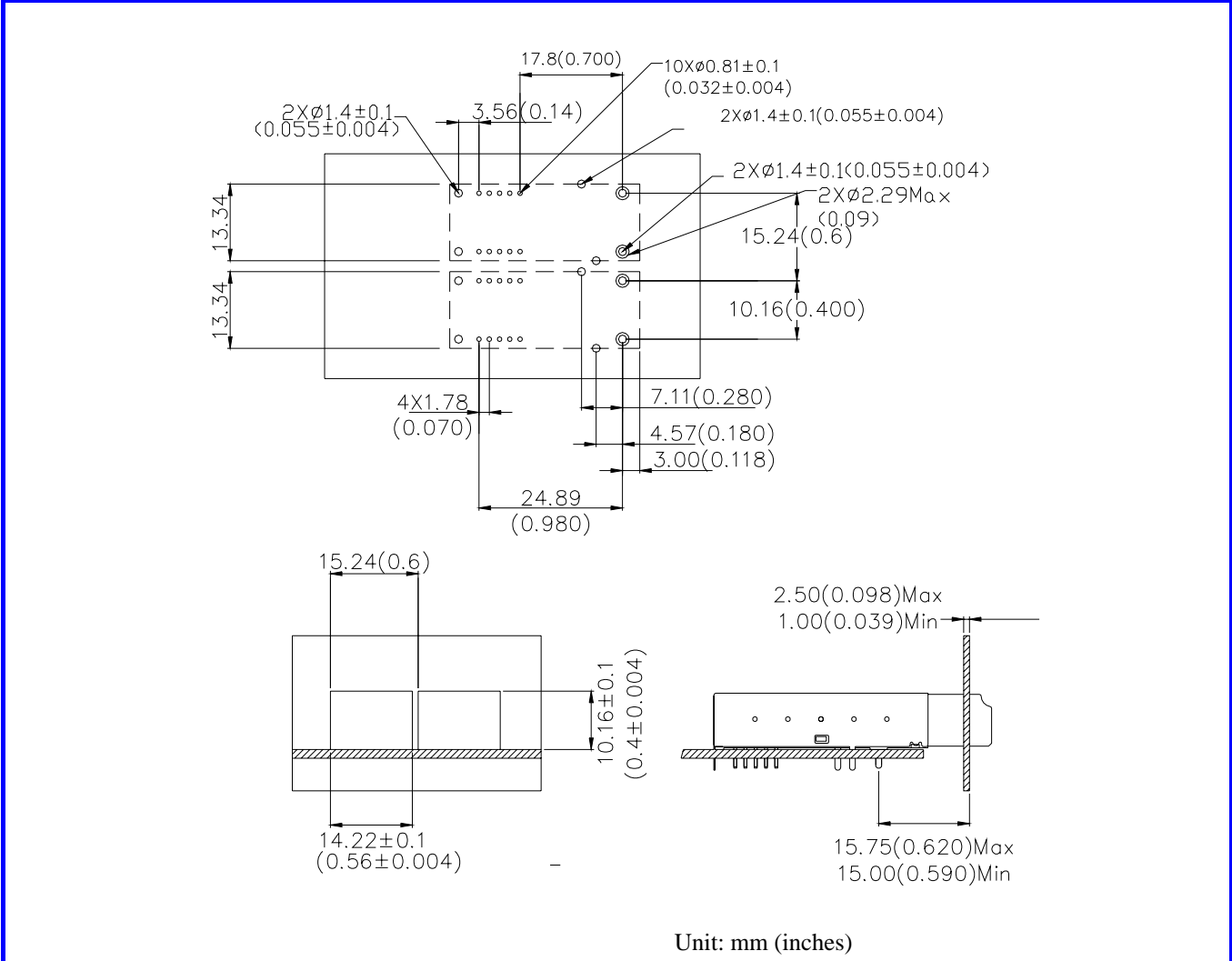


**Drawing Dimensions**





**Recommended Board Layout Hole Pattern**



This transceiver is compatible with industry standard wave or hand solder processes. After wash process, all moisture must be completely remove from the module. The transceiver is supplied with a process plug to prevent contamination during wave solder and aqueous rinse as well as during handling, shipping or storage.

Solder fluxes should be water-soluble, organic solder fluxes. Recommended cleaning and degreasing chemicals for these transceivers are alcohol's (methyl, isopropyl, isobutyl), aliphatics (hexane, heptane) and other chemicals, such as soap solution or naphtha. Do not use partially halogenated hydrocarbons for cleaning/degreasing.



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### **Eye Safety Mark**

The LS3 series Singlemode transceiver is a class 1 laser product. It complies with EN 60825-1 and FDA 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11. In order to meet laser safety requirements the transceiver shall be operated within the Absolute Maximum Ratings.

#### **Caution**

**All adjustments have been done at the factory before the shipment of the devices. No maintenance and user serviceable part is required. Tampering with and modifying the performance of the device will result in voided product warranty.**

Note : All information contained in this document is subject to change without notice.